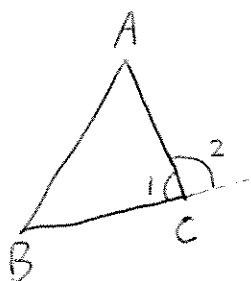


Math 372 Quiz 5 Total points: 10  
Instructor: Yi Wang

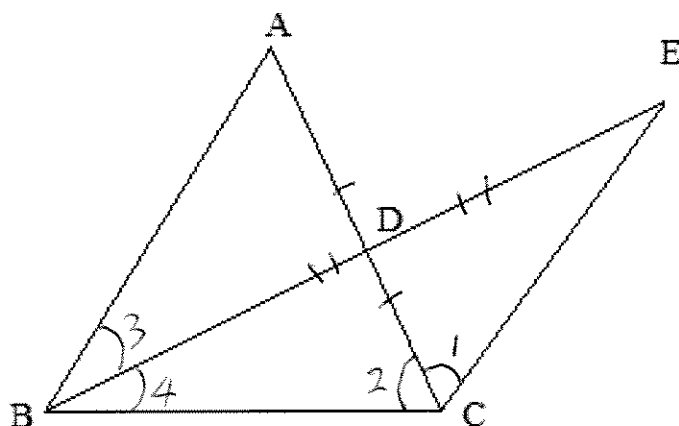
Name(Print) \_\_\_\_\_ Section \_\_\_\_\_ Grade \_\_\_\_\_

1. Use the Exterior Angle Inequality to prove the following statement: the sum of the measures of any two angles of a triangle is less than 180.



Let  $\triangle ABC$  be given, without loss of generality, we will prove  $m\angle 1 + m\angle A < 180$ .  
 $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 = 180$  by the linear pair theorem  
 $m\angle 2 > m\angle A$  by exterior angle inequality  
 so  $m\angle 1 + m\angle A > 180$   $\square$

2. In the following figure,  $D$  is the midpoint of  $\overline{AC}$  and  $\overline{BE}$  as well. Show that the angle sum of  $\triangle ABC$  equals to the angle sum of  $\triangle EBC$ .



Proof:

Since  $D$  is the midpoint of  $\overline{AC}$  and  $\overline{BE}$ ,  
 $AD = CD$  and  $BD = ED$

so  $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle CED$  by SAS. It follows that  $\angle A \cong \angle 1$   
 and  $\angle E \cong \angle 3$ .

~~$m\angle A$~~  the angle sum of  $\triangle ABC = m\angle A + m\angle 3 + m\angle 4 + m\angle 2$

~~the angle sum~~

$$= m\angle 1 + m\angle E + m\angle 4 + m\angle 2$$

= the angle sum of  $\triangle EBC$

$\square$